Page 1 of 2 N.C.P.I.—Criminal 208.40A SIMPLE ASSAULT ON AN INDIVIDUAL WITH A DISABILITY. MISDEMEANOR. GENERAL CRIMINAL VOLUME REPLACEMENT JUNE 2019 N.C. Gen. Stat. § 14-32.1(f)

208.40A SIMPLE ASSAULT ON AN INDIVIDUAL WITH A DISABILITY. MISDEMEANOR.

The defendant has been charged with simple assault on an individual with a disability.<sup>1</sup>

For you to find the defendant guilty of this offense, the State must prove four things beyond a reasonable doubt:

<u>First</u>, that the defendant assaulted the alleged victim by (describe assault).

<u>Second</u>, that the defendant acted intentionally<sup>2</sup> (and without justification or excuse).<sup>3</sup>

<u>Third</u>, that the alleged victim had a disability. An individual with a disability is a person who has

- a [physical] (or) [mental] disability, such as [decreased use of arms or legs] [blindness] [deafness] [mental retardation] (or) [mental illness],
- an infirmity, which would substantially impair that person's ability to defend [himself] [herself].

<u>And Fourth</u>, that the defendant knew or had reasonable grounds to know that the alleged victim had a disability.

*NOTE WELL: If self-defense is an issue, use N.C.P.I.— Crim.* 308.40.

If you find from the evidence beyond a reasonable doubt that on or about the alleged date, the defendant intentionally assaulted the alleged victim, that the alleged victim had a disability, and that the defendant knew Page 2 of 2 N.C.P.I.—Criminal 208.40A SIMPLE ASSAULT ON AN INDIVIDUAL WITH A DISABILITY. MISDEMEANOR. GENERAL CRIMINAL VOLUME REPLACEMENT JUNE 2019 N.C. Gen. Stat. § 14-32.1(f)

or had reasonable grounds to know that the alleged victim had a disability, (nothing else appearing)<sup>4</sup> it would be your duty to return a verdict of guilty. If you do not so find or have a reasonable doubt as to one or more of these things, it would be your duty to return a verdict of not guilty.<sup>5</sup>

*NOTE WELL: If self-defense is an issue, use mandate from N.C.P.I.*—*Crim.* 308.40.<sup>6</sup>

<sup>1</sup> If a definition of assault is needed, see N.C.P.I.—Crim. 120.20.

<sup>2</sup> If a definition of intent is needed, see N.C.P.I.—Crim. 120.10.

<sup>3</sup> The parenthetical phrase should be used only where there is evidence of justification or excuse, such as self-defense.

<sup>4</sup> The parenthetical phrase should be used only where there is some evidence of justification of excuse, such as self-defense.

<sup>5</sup> If there is to be instruction on lesser included offenses, the last phrase should be: "... you will not return a verdict of guilty of simple assault on a handicapped person."

<sup>6</sup> Including self-defense in the mandate is required by *S. v. Woodsen*, 31 N.C. App. 400 (1976). *Cf. S. v. Dooley*, 285 N.C. 158 (1974).